











# **PADDOCK SLAB**

## MESH STRUCTURE WITH CONNECTION SYSTEM

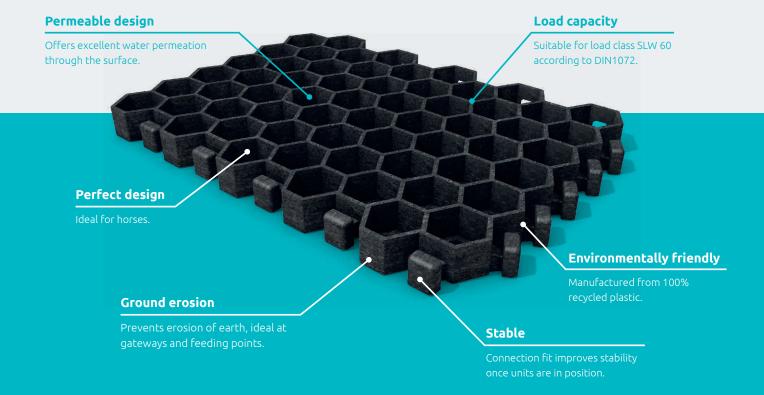


## **SPECIFICATIONS**

Length	50 cm – 19.69"
Width	40 cm – 15.75"
Height	4 cm – 1.58"
Weight/slab	2.1 kg – 4.63 lbs
Weight/m²	10.5 kg – 23.15 lbs
Coverage/slab	0.20 m <sup>2</sup> – 2.15/ft <sup>2</sup>
Coverage	5 units/m <sup>2</sup> – 5 units = 10.76 ft <sup>2</sup>
Items/pallet	312 units
Coverage/pallet	40 m² – 430 ft²
Material	100% recycled plastic
Connection	T slugs and slots
Colour	Black

## **KEY FACTS**

- » Ideal aperture size for horses
- » Excellent water permeation through the surface
- » Durable, non-rotting and weather resistant
- » High stability due to strong web
- » Frost and UV-resistant
- » Low maintenance and cost effective throughout the product life
- » The lightweight interlocking design enables ease and speed of installation
- » Paddock Slab reduces the carbon footprint of a project and it is completely recyclable





TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION PADDOCK SLAB

## **TESTING ON ARTIFICIALLY MADE BEDDING**

Test load (kN)	Crack detection	Breaking force (kN)	Test temperature
180	None	225	20 °C – 68 °F
180	None	228	20 °C – 68 °F

#### **TESTING ON RIGID BASE**

Test load (kN)	Crack detection	Load at plastic deformation (kN)	Test temperature
180	None	257	20 °C – 68 °F
180	None	263	20 °C – 68 °F

## **EVALUATION OF TEST RESULTS**

All the tested Paddock Slabs are capable of bearing the passage of a category SLW 60 heavy duty truck. Sufficient load bearing capacity of the ground according to the provisions of ZTV SoB 04 [2] is a prerequisite. The tested ground reinforcements are suited for application in fire lanes and parking areas for heavy utility vehicles.

## LAYING INSTRUCTIONS

For areas under heavy usage (riding arena, lunging ring) we recommend an installation in layers consisting of a base layer, an equalising layer, the paddock slab with filling material as separating layer and a top layer or footing.

A permeable layer (approx. 20–25 cm (7.87–9.84")) of crushed rock, lava or gravel 2 is applied to soil with good bearing capacity 1 and compacted afterwards. A 2–4 cm (0.79–1.57") equalising layer of grit 3 is subsequently applied and levelled.

The slab **⑤** serves as separating layer. It is filled with grit, sand or gravel and prevents the mixing of base and footing layer. Separation can be improved by placing a permeable fibrous web **④** under the slab.

Finally, the footing **6** is applied. It may consist of sand, wood chips, fabric based or similar material.

For use in less stressed areas (paddocks, feedlots, access paths) the sub-base can be reduced according to the expected strain or the slab can even be placed directly on natural ground.

It cannot be guaranteed though that the slab will not sink into the ground.









